

## Introduction and Conclusion Paragraph Notes

### Introduction Paragraph

- Grabs the \_\_\_\_\_.
- Makes them want to \_\_\_\_\_.
- Remember: the thesis statement is at the end \_\_\_\_\_!
- Types of attention grabbers:
  - Anecdote \_\_\_\_\_
    - the reader will want to know \_\_\_\_\_
  - Interesting Information  
\_\_\_\_\_
    - will \_\_\_\_\_ the reader
  - Overview  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

### Conclusion Paragraph

- Try and be \_\_\_\_\_ than just restating \_\_\_\_\_!
- Try and make the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ connect and flow into one another.
- If your intro starts with an \_\_\_\_\_, tell how it \_\_\_\_\_.
- If your intro starts with a \_\_\_\_\_, refer back to that \_\_\_\_\_.
- If your intro was an \_\_\_\_\_ of the paper, offer a \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ idea.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

### Introduction and Conclusion Paragraphs

Thesis Statement: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Introduction: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
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\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Conclusion: \_\_\_\_\_  
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